USR-WIFI232-A2

Embedded WiFi Module User Manual

Version: V6.0

Note: this article is based on the firmware version for V5.01.01 and above version of the module, if the version is lower than this version, some function is not supported.
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1 Quick Start

USR-WIFI232 series product is used to transmit data between RS232 and WIFI TCPIP transparently, user can update the product to WIFI control without knowing the WIFI and TCPIP detail. All the convert work is done by the module. For users, the RS232 side is only as a serial device, the WIFI side is TCPIP Socket data. User can setup the work detail by sample settings which can setup via inside web pages or RS232 port. The setup work only need do once, then it will save the setting forever.

This chapter is a user guide for USR-WIFI232 series products. We suggest users follow the guide to test module at first, and will have a good understanding of the modules. Users can also choose the chapter which you are interested in to read. For specific details and instructions, please refer to the following chapters.

If there are problems in using the process, you can refer to the official website of our application case:

http://www.usriot.com/Faq/cat-47.html

We can also submit the issue to our customer support center:

http://h.usriot.com

1.1 Hardware connect

In order to test WIFI module, we need connect module RS232 to PC and also WIFI to PC.

In order to test the communication between serial and WIFI network, we need to connect the serial port to PC, and also connect WIFI networks to PC. Due to the special need both WIFI and serial, we use PC which add USB WIFI network Card such as the following picture.

![Hardware connection diagram](image)

**Figure 1 hardware connection diagram**

About the serial connection, because the module RS232 is 3.3V TTL level, the computer can not connect to module directly, the user needs to have a TTL to RS232 adapter cable and then connect to the computer. in order to facilitate the test, we provide USR-WIFI232-A2 evaluation board for users to choose.
1.2 Network connection

The following is the USR-WIFI232-A2 module example, Other modules are the same. Open Wi-Fi, search network, as shown in below, USR-WIFI232-A2_3378 (B determined according to the specific type of module, XXXX is the MAC address after the four) is the default network name (SSID) of the module.

![Image of Wi-Fi search]

**Figure 2 WIFI Search**

Join the network, choose to automatically obtain IP, WIFI module supports DHCP Server feature and is enabled by default.
Now, nlink led of USR-WIFI232-A2 Evaluation Board is lighting.

### 1.3 communication test

Module’s default setting:
- **SSID:** USR-WIFI232-A2;
- **Encryption mode:** open, none;
- **UART:** 57600,8,1,None;
- **Network parameters:** TCP,Server,8899,10.10.100.254;
- **IP:** 10.10.100.254;

We just need to follow the parameters of the corresponding set of network communication parameters, you can make serial <-> WIFI communication, the steps are as follows:

1. Open test software USR-TCP232-Test;
2. COM Settings area (left):
   - Choose COM port witch has connect the module, there is COM3, choose band rate to 57600, this is the default band rate of WIFI module, Click Open COM port.
3. Net Settings area (right):
   - Choose TCP client mode, Server IP write 10.10.100.254, it is the WIFI default IP address, Server port to 8899, It is the default Port the WIFI module listen, Click Connect to link to the module.

Now, you can test send data between RS232 and WIFI.

**COM port to WIFI:** PC RS232 -> Module RS232 -> Module WIFI -> PC WIFI.

**WIFI to COM port:** PC WIFI -> Module WIFI -> Module RS232 -> PC RS232.


2 Product Overview

2.1 General Description

USR-WIFI232-A2 module is an integration of 802.11 b/g/n wi-fi module, which provide a wireless interface to any equipment with a Serial interface for data transfer. The module used to MAC, baseband chip, RF transceiver unit, as well as the power amplifier; Embedded firmware support wi-fi protocols and configuration, as well as the network TCP/IP protocol stack.

USR-WIFI232-A2 uses the industry's highest performance embedded industrial structure, and for the application of smart furniture, smart grid, handheld devices, personal medical, industrial control, etc. These data fields, do a professional optimization. USR-WIFI232-A2 as a hot spot can accommodate 32 clients simultaneously wi-fi access, but also can accommodate 32 TCP client.

2.2 Device Features

- Support IEEE802.11b/g/n Wireless Standards
- Support TCP/IP/UDP Network Protocols
- Support UART/GPIO/Ethernet Data Interface
- Support Work As STA/AP/AP+STA Mode
- Support Router/Bridge Mode Networking
- Support External Antenna (max 280m)
- Support Transparent Transmission Mode
- Support AT+ Instruction Set for Configuration
- Support Friendly Web Configuration Page
- Support Palmodic Signal
- Support UART Auto-Frame Function
- Single +3.3V Power Supply
- FCC/CE Certificated
- Support customization

2.3 Device Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Parameters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wireless Parameters</td>
<td>Certification</td>
<td>FCC/CE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wireless standard</td>
<td>802.11 b/g/n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frequency range</td>
<td>2.412GHz-2.484GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transmit Power</td>
<td>802.11b: +20 dBm (Max.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>802.11g: +18 dBm (Max.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>802.11n: +15 dBm (Max.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Configurable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Receiver Sensitivity</td>
<td>802.11b: -89 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>802.11g: -81 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>802.11n: -71 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Antenna Option</td>
<td>External: I-PEX Connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware Parameters</td>
<td>Data Interface</td>
<td>UART: 300bps - 460800bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>GPIOs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ethernet: 100Mpbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Operating Voltage</td>
<td>3.3V (+/-5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Operating Current</td>
<td>170mA~300mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Operating Temperature</td>
<td>-40℃ - 85℃</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>-40℃ - 125℃</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dimensions and Size</td>
<td>25×40×8mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software Parameters</td>
<td>Network Type</td>
<td>Station /AP mode/STA+AP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Security Mechanisms</td>
<td>WEP/WAP-PSK/WAP2-PSK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Encryption</td>
<td>WEP64/WEP128/TKIP/AES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Work Mode</td>
<td>Transparent Mode/Serial command</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.4 Key Application

- Remote equipment monitoring
- Industrial sensors and controls
- Asset tracking and telemetry
- Home automation
- Medical devices

2.5 Package Information

2.5.1 Recommended Reflow Profile

![Reflow Soldering Profile](image)

**Figure 5 Reflow Soldering Profile**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Temperature (Degree)</th>
<th>Time(Sec)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Reflow Time</td>
<td>Time of above 220</td>
<td>35~55 sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Peak-Temp</td>
<td>260 max</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 2 Reflow Soldering Parameter**

**Note:**
1. Recommend to supply N2 for reflow oven.
2. N2 atmosphere during reflow (O2<300ppm).

2.5.2 Device Handling Instruction (Module IC SMT Preparation)

- Shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months, at <30°C and <60% relative humidity (RH)
- After bag is opened, devices that will be re-baked required after last baked with window time 168 hours.
- Recommend to oven bake with N2 supplied.
Baked required with 24 hours at 125 ± 5℃ before rework process for two modules, one is new module and two is board with module.

Recommend to store at ≤ 10% RH with vacuum packing.

If SMT process needs twice reflow:
(1) Top side SMT and reflow
(2) Bottom side SMT and reflow
Case 1: Wifi module mounted on top side. Need to bake when bottom side process over 168 hours window time, no need to bake within 168 hours.
Case 2: Wifi module mounted on bottom side, follow normal bake rule before process.

Note:
Window time means from last bake end to next reflow start that has 168 hours space.

3 Hardware Introduction

3.1 Pins Definition

3.1.1 USR-WIFI232-A2 Pins Definition

![USR-WIFI232-A2 Pins Map](image)

Table 3 USR-WIFI232-A2 Pins Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ground--GND</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>VCC 3.3V@350mA</td>
<td>3.3V</td>
<td>Power</td>
<td>3.3V @ 350mA power input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>UART Data Transmit</td>
<td>UART_TXD</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>If not use UART function.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
this 4 pins can be configured as GPIO pins, and can change GPIO pin status through AT command

“Low (0)” effective reset input. The reset duration should be kept more than 300ms

“0”- WIFI connection available
“1”- No WIFI connection
Can be configured as GPIO.

Module will Restore factory default configuration after set this pin “0” more than 1s, then set “1”.

+1.8V Ethernet Data Interface
Support transformer and direct connection (AC couple) mode.

### 3.2 Mechanical Size

USR-WIFI232-A2 modules physical size (25x40mm) as follows:

#### 3.2.1 USR-WIFI232-A2

USR-WIFI232-A2 module Mechanical Size(mm):
3.3 Antenna

3.3.1 External Antenna

USR-WIFI232-A2 modules support external antenna, USR-WIFI232-A2 modules must be connected to the 2.4G antenna according to IEEE 802.11b/g/n standards. The antenna parameters required as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Parameters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frequency range</td>
<td>2.4~2.5GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impedance</td>
<td>50 Ohm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSWR</td>
<td>2 (Max)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Loss</td>
<td>-10dB (Max)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connector Type</td>
<td>I-PEX or populate directly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.4 Evaluation Kit

USR provides the evaluation kit to promote user to familiar the product and develop the detailed application. The evaluation kit shown as below, user can connect to USR-WIFI232-A2 module with the RS-232 UART port, 100M Eth port or Wireless port to configure the parameters, manage the module or do the some functional tests.
Figure 9 USR-WIFI232-A/B module Evaluation Kit

Table 5 USR-WIFI232-A/B Evaluation Kit Interface Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>External Interface</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC jack</td>
<td>5V power input connector</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DB9</td>
<td>Male serial jack of 9-pin, and used to connect to PC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RJ-45</td>
<td>100M Eth Interface</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module</td>
<td>2x7 2mm DIP connector, connect WIFI module</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LED</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power (Red)</td>
<td>3.3V Power Indicator</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TXD</td>
<td>TXD Indicator</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RXD</td>
<td>RXD Indicator</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready</td>
<td>nReady/GPIO Indicator</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link</td>
<td>nLink/GPIO Indicator</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Button</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset</td>
<td>Used to reset the module.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reload</td>
<td>Module restore to factory default configuration.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.5 Hardware Reference Design

3.5.1 Hardware Typical Application

![USR-WIFI232-A2 Hardware Typical Application Diagram]

**Figure 10**  USR-WIFI232-A2 Hardware Typical Application

**Notes:**

- **nRST-** Module hardware reset signal. Input. Logics “0” effective. There is 100K Ohm pull-up resistor internal up to 3.3V. When module power up or some issue happened, MCU need assert nRST signal “0” at least 300ms, then set “1” to keep module fully reset.

- **nReady-** Module boot up ready signal. Output. Logics “0” effective. There is 4.7K Ohm pull-up resistor internal up to 3.3V. The module will output “0” or “Palmodic Signal” after normal boot up. This signal used to judge if module finish boot up and ready for application or working at normal mode.

- **nLink-** Module WIFI connection indication. Output. There is 4.7K Ohm pull-up resistor internal up to 3.3V. When module connect to AP (STA mode) or some WiFi STA connect to module (AP mode), the module will output “0”. This signal used to judge if module already at WiFi connection status.

- **nReload-** Module restore to factory default configuration. Input. Logics “0” effective. User can assert nReload signal “0” more than 3’s through button or MCU pin, then release, module will restore to factory default configuration and re-start boot up process. User need add 4.7K~10K Ohm pull-up resistor external the module.

- **UART_TXD/RXD-** UART port data transmit and receive signal. There is 1K Ohm pull-down resistor internal. User can’t add pull-up resistor at these pins.
3.5.2 10/100M Ethernet Interface

USR-WIFI232-A/B/C modules provide one 10/100M Ethernet PHY layer interface for data transition or user configuration. This Ethernet support with transformer and without transformer (PHY-to-PHY) 2 kinds of connection.

3.5.2.1 Ethernet Connection with Transformer

User board put Ethernet transformer and RJ-45 connector. This is a general 10/100M Ethernet phy layer connection. The reference design as following:

(Above is for USR-WIFI232-A2 pin type module)

3.5.2.2 Ethernet Connection without Transformer

For this application, Ethernet will work as internal data transmission interface and save one transformer and RJ45 connector. Ethernet PHY-to-PHY connection will use AC coupled connection. This is a space and cost optimized solution. Hardware reference design as following:

Note: VCC signal at reference design shall base on user board PHY chipset voltage level, such as 2.5V power supply for general Ethernet PHY chipset.

(Above is for USR-WIFI232-A2 pin type module)
This module Ethernet interface default is for the application with transformer connection. If you need PHY-PHY directly connection, please change the hardware as follows:

1. **Weld 0 ohm resistance in red position**
2. **Remove the component in yellow position**

![BOT side component](image1.png) ![TOP side component](image2.png)

**Figure 13 Schematic resistance changes**

Specific PHY-PHY direct connection reference to user manual chapter 1.3.2.2 application of Ethernet without transformer and AT+FEPTP command

The command:

AT+FVEW=enable<CR> to open ethernet WAN port function

Remark:
1. Only when ethernet as WAN, this command is needed. Module default LAN port.
2. After this command, make sure module WAN IP and LAN IP in different segment. (Modify the ALN IP in AP Settings, modify the WAN IP in STA Settings)

- AT+FEPTP=on<CR> Quey/set default ethernet PHY-PHY on/off
- AT+FPHY=on<CR> Open ethernet function permanently
- AT+RELD<CR> Command with "F" need to be affective after AT+RELD

After module reset, command effect, then will not impact by Reload

For user’s design, pls note:
1. Cable connection should be AC coupling, your cable need be pulled up to VCC (fit with PHY chip level)
2. Cable TX connected to RX. In PHY-PHY direct connection, PHY chip dose not support direct/ cross self-adaption
3. Your PHY chip on board should better to be forced into 100M work mode

### 3.5.3 UART Interface

UART interface is the serial data transmission interface mainly used for USR-WIFI232-A2 modules.
User can add RS-232 chipset on user board and convert the signal to RS-232 voltage to communicate with outside equipment or sensors. USR-WIFI232-A2 modules UART interface include 4 general signals: TXD/RXD/RTS/CTS. The hardware reference design with RS-232 chipset as following:

![Figure 14 UART Interface Reference Design](image)

**Notes:** TXD pin is also hardware configuration pin internal module. So this pin MUST pull-down during module power up. USR-WIFI232-A2 modules provide internal pull-down resister, user can’t add pull-up/pull-down resister on user board, which may cause module can’t work.

### 3.5.4 Power Interface

USR-WIFI232-A2 module support single +3.3V power supply. The peak current shall about 350mA and normal WiFi working current shall about 200mA. The power save (WiFi OFF) mode will about 100mA

Decoupling at power pin suggested, At least one 100uF and one 10uF capacitor required at user board and put near module power input pin will increase the reliability and performance.

## 4 Modules Function Description

### 4.1 User configuration process

After USR-WIFI232-A2 module electric starter, based on user pre-set parameters, automatically connect to wireless networks and servers, and enter the working mode is set to open in accordance with the default serial port parameters.

The parameters which need to configure include:
➢ Wireless Network Parameters
  ☰ Wireless Network Name (SSID)
  ☰ Security Mode
  ☰ Encryption Key

➢ TCP/UDP Linking Parameters
  ☰ Protocol Type
  ☰ Link Type (Server or Client)
  ☰ Target Port ID Number
  ☰ Target Port IP Address

➢ Serial Port Parameters
  ☰ Baud Rate
  ☰ Data Bit
  ☰ Parity (Check) Bit
  ☰ Stop Bit
  ☰ Hardware Flow Control

➢ Work Mode Selection
  ☰ Transparent mode/Serial command mode/GPIO mode

The following sections will introduce specific to each part in detail.

4.2 Working mode

4.2.1 Transparent Mode

USR-WIFI232-A2 modules support serial interface transparent transmission mode. The benefit of this mode is achieves a plug and play serial data port, and reduces user complexity furthest. In this mode, user should only configure the necessary parameters. After power on, module can automatically connect to the default wireless network and server.

As in this mode, the module's serial port always work in the transparent transmission mode, so users only need to think of it as a virtual serial cable, and send and receive data as using a simple serial. In other words, the serial cable of users' original serial devices is directly replaced with the module; user devices can be easy for wireless data transmission without any changes.

The transparent transmission mode can fully compatible with user's original software platform and reduce the software development effort for integrate wireless data transmission.

Notes: Users also open the serial port hardware flow control (CTS/RTS) function, so that we can make the bit error rate to a minimum. If the user doesn't need hardware flow control function of the serial port, only need to the corresponding pin foot (CTS/RTS) hung up.
4.2.2 Serial command mode

In this mode, the user can send the serial data to a different server address, this pattern can be use udp or TCP client sends data to the server.
Customer MCU send packets according to the following format, parsing module is finished, only the n bytes of data sent to the destination address. When data is returned, not analytical data from serial port output directly.

| Table 6  Protocol table of Serial command mode |
|----------|----------------------------------------|
| frame header | length | function byte | Backup data area | Destination port | Target address | Data | Sum check |
| 2           | 2      | (n+m+5)       | 1                 | 2                | 2              | m    | n         | 1   |

**frame header:**
0x55 0xAA (Constant)

**Length:**
Starting from the function byte, to Sum check (does not contain the sum check) all bytes.

**High byte at the front**

**Function byte:**
- Bit0: (UDP:0; TCP:1)
- Bit1: (Short connection:0; Long connection:1)
- Bit2: (IP:0; Domain name:1)
- Bit7: (cut protocol:0; full protocol:1) *Note: currently only supports cut protocol*

**Notes:**
- Bit1: If it is a short connection, it sends data, and then will be disconnected; if it is long connection, it sends data, connection will remain, until the re changing the target address.
- Bit2: Indicates that the target address is IP or domain name. If it is IP, the target address is 4 bytes; if the domain name, the target address length for the entire domain name string length (the last byte address is '\0', that is the end of the string).
- Bit7: Under the cut protocol, reply frame contains only data; Under the full protocol, reply frame has "failed to send", "waiting for", "UDP radio response equipment IP" frame data.

**Backup data area:**
- First byte: If it is a short connection, this position is TCP waits for the timeout time (1-255), if the send command is completed, did not receive a response, then wait a few seconds and the corresponding, if 5, said to wait for the 5S to disconnect; if the sending command, immediately receive the returned data, then immediately disconnected; if it is long connection, this position is 0x00.
- Second byte: Reserve

**Destination port:**
Little endian, low byte in the former, such as port 23, here are 0x17 0x00

**Target address:**
If it is IP, is 4 bytes, for example, 192.168.0.7 said 0x07 0x00 0xA8 0xC0; if it is a domain name, then the address of indefinite length, ending with the '\0'.

**Data:**
Variable length, the maximum not exceeding 1000 bytes.
**Sum check:**
From the function word to check byte (does not contain a check byte), add Sum check.
The following is an example of a specific application:
- send data: 0x55 0xaa 0x00 0x0a 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x21 0x00 0x85 0x00 0xA8 0xC0 0x01 0x0f
- Length: 0x00 0x0a
- Function byte: 0x00 (UDP; Short connection; IP; cut protocol)
- Destination port: 0x21 0x00 (33)
- Target address: 0x85 0x00 0xA8 0xC0 (192.168.0.133)
- Data: 0x01 (data length: 1)
- Sum check: 0x0f (0x00 + 0x00 + 0x0a + 0x21 + 0x00 + 0x85 + 0x00 + 0xA8 + 0xC0 + 0x01 = 0x0f)

### 4.2.3 GPIO mode
USR-WIFI232-A2 module support GPIO mode: At GPIO, UART (TXD/ RXD/CTS/RTS) defined as GPIO and others (Ready/Link/) also defined as GPIO pin.
When module works at GPIO mode, PC and other equipments can setup connection (TCP/UDP) through WiFi, then read/write GPIO information through command.
- **GPIO n IN, Set GPIO n as input, Response GPIO OK or GPIO NOK;**
- **GPIO n OUT 0, Set GPIO n as output and output ‘0’, Response GPIO OK or GPIO NOK;**
- **GPIO n OUT 1, Set GPIO n as output and output ‘1’, Response GPIO OK or GPIO NOK;**
- **GPIO n SW, Set GPIO n as output and switch the output status, Response GPIO OK or GPIO NOK;**
- **GPIO n PWM m1 m2, Set GPIO n output a wave: m1 is ‘high’ duration and m2 is ‘low’ duration (Time unit is ‘ms’ and minimal is 10ms), Response GPIO OK or GPIO NOK;**
- **GPIO n GET, Read GPIO n status, Response 0,1,0,0,0,1, means ”input low”,”input high”, ”output low”,”output high”**

Notes: n can be 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9 corresponding module pin. GPIO 4 can only defined as input and GPIO 3 can only defined as output.
GPIO READ returns all current IO status, and GPIO n GET said method. Such as, 111100010001, I said input, O output, 0 low, 1 express high.4 pin is negated. Read the 1 actual 0 actual 1, read the 0.

### 4.2.4 HTTPD Client mode
This mode is used to send data to the HTTP server.
After setting the HTTP header format by webpage or AT command, the data sent each time by UART will add the HTTP header automatically. Convenient for the user directly submit data or read data from the HTTP server.
Below is the specific application, for example:
The first set HTTP parameters using AT instructions.

| AT+HTTPURL=192.168.1.1,80 | The server address and port settings |
| AT+HTTPPPH=/set | Set the path, the most is 50 bytes |
| AT+HTTPCN=keep-alive | Set the Connection, maximum length of 20 bytes |
| AT+HTTPUA=lwip13.2 | Set the User-Agent, maximum length of 20 bytes |
If the sending data is 1234. In the 80 port of 192.168.1.1 will receive the following data
POST /set HTTP/1.1
Connection: keep-alive
User-Agent: lwip1.3.2
Content-Length: 4
Host: 192.168.1.1:80

1234

If the HTTP type is GET, the 80 port 192.168.1.1 receive data
POST /set 1234 HTTP/1.1
Connection: keep-alive
User-Agent: lwip1.3.2
Content-Length: 0
Host: 192.168.1.1:80

Data received from server will be directly sent to the serial port, without any treatment.

Note: after V5.01.14 version of the firmware it add a new method of HTTP header definition, called the new mode, the way at above, is called the old mode.

Users can custom HTTP headers in the way of the new mode, can add, delete, modify the contents of each HTTP header (if the HTTP request type is POST/PUT, module will automatically add the Content-Length). Including the AT + HTPMODE, AT + HTPSV, AT + HTPTP, AT + HTPURL, AT + HTPHEAD, specific instructions please refer to the AT command set process section. Similarly, also has the corresponding Settings page in the web page.

Note: in the new mode, if you use the AT command set HTTP headers, Please use the "<<CRLF>>" instead of carriage "return", in the web page, you don't need to worry about the "return".

4.3 Wireless Networking

USR-WIFI232-A2 module can be configured as both wireless STA and AP base on network type. Logically there are two interfaces in USR-WIFI232-A2. One is for STA, and another is for AP. When USR-WIFI232-A2 works as AP, other STA equipments are able to connect to wireless LAN via USR-WIFI232-A2 module. Wireless Networking with USR-WIFI232-A2 is very flexible.

Following figure shows the functional architecture of USR-WIFI232-A2 module:

![USR-WIFI232-A2 Functional Architecture](image)

Notes:
**AP:** that is the wireless Access Point, the founder of a wireless network and the center of the network nodes. The wireless router we use at home or in office may be an AP.

**STA:** short for Station, each terminal connects to a wireless network (such as laptops, PDA and other networking devices) can be called with a STA device.

### 4.3.1 STA

Infrastructure: it's also called basic network. It built by AP and many STAs which join in. The characters of network of this type are that AP is the center, and all communication between STAs is transmitted through the AP. The figure following shows such type of networking.

![Figure 16 USR-WIFI232-A2 Basic Wireless Network Structure](image)

### 4.3.2 AP

Because USR-WIFI232-A2 can be set to AP, can also be set to STA, so the USR-WIFI232-A2 can be achieved easily wireless ad hoc network.

As showing in the figure below, USR-WIFI232-A2 (1) can be treat as an AP, and USR-WIFI232-A2 (2), USR-WIFI232-A2 (3) and the laptop are STAs connected to USR-WIFI232-A2 (1). Meanwhile, all USR-WIFI232-A2 modules can connected to user device via UART interface. All USR-WIFI232-A2 modules can be operated and managed through the laptop. So it is convenient to O&M all USR-WIFI232-A2 modules. Moreover, in such Adhoc network structure, the whole coverage of a wireless network can be extended easily.
4.3.3 AP+STA

USR-WIFI232-A2 module support AP+STA network mode, means module support one AP interface and one STA interface at the same time, as following figure,

When module enables AP+STA function, Module’s STA interface can connect with router and connect to TCP server in the network. At the same time, module’s AP interface is also active and permit phone/PAD to connect through TCPB, then phone/PAD can control user device and and setting the module parameters,

The advantage of AP+STA mode is:

➢ Users can easily setting and track user device through Phone/PAD and not change the orginal network setting.
➢ Users can easily setting module’s parameters through WiFi when module works as STA mode.

AP+STA Mode Setting:
AP+STA mode need serial AT command to enable as follows:

- AT+FAPSTA=on, Enable AP+STA mode;
- Then, when you configure module works as STA mode, it's AP interface still active;

**AP+STA Mode Notes:**

When user enable AT+STA function, the STA port need to keep connected with other router(AP), or STA port will have to scan the AP frequently, which will affect AP port function and may cause some date loss.

So, if user confirm STA port can't connect with AP at some time, user can disable the STA scan through the following command:

- AT+STTC=on/off, on: Scan AP; off: No Scan AP.

After re-start module, this command not saved;

- AT+FSTTC=on/off;

This command is saved after re-staring the module;

### 4.4 Ethernet Interface Communication

USR-WIFI232-A2 module provides one 100M Ethernet interface. With this Ethernet interface, user can easily realize the three interface (WiFi, UART, and Ethernet) intercommunication and networking. USR-WIFI232-A2 module can configured as Bridge Mode or Router Mode base on different networking technology.

Notes: As the Ethernet mode will increase additional consumption, so it is default closed. If you need this function, pls use AT+FEPHY=on to open it and RELD can't change this. For different application, USR-WIFI232-610 need version switch via commands (such as following description of N-ver and Z-ver). With command AT+FVER=n to switch to N-ver and with command AT+FVER=z to switch to Z-ver.

#### 4.4.1 USR-WIFI232-A2 Ethernet Interface Networking (As AP)

![Diagram showing Ethernet interface networking in AP mode](image_url)
4.4.2 USR-WIFI232-A2 Ethernet Interface Networking (As STA, N-Ver)

USR-WIFI232-A2 module works as STA (Software is N-Version), and module set as router mode. When module connect to AP, it will get wireless port IP address from AP (For example: 192.168.1.100). At the same time, module also form a subnet (Default 10.10.100.254) and all devices connected to module Ethernet interface will get assigned IP address (For example: 10.10.100.101). So as shown, PC1 at internal subnet can initiate a connection to PC2 (For USR-WIFI232-A2 works as router mode), but PC2 can’t active initiate a connection to PC1.

4.4.3 USR-WIFI232-A2 Ethernet Interface Networking (As STA, Z-Ver)

For above networking, USR-WIFI232-A2 module works as STA (Firmware is Z-Version), and module configured as bridge mode. When module connect to AP, all devices connected to module Ethernet interface will get assigned IP address from AP (For example: 192.168.1.101). For module works as bridge mode, it can be treated as a transparent device and PC1, PC2 can communicate without any limit. But in this networking, USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module needs assign
a static LAN IP address (For example: 192.168.1.10) if module also needs communication with AP or configuration through web page.

4.5 WI-FI parameter setting

4.5.1 Auto- Frequency Function
When module works as STA, USR-WIFI232-A2 will adjust its wireless channel to keep the same channel with associated AP and connect in.
When module works as AP and USR-WIFI232-A2 enable Auto-frequency function, then when module boot up, it will select the best wireless channel based on surrounding environment.

4.5.2 Security
USR-WIFI232-A2 module supports multiple wireless encryption mechanisms, and enables to protect the security of user’s data transmission, the mechanisms include:

- WEP
- WPA-PSK/TKIP
- WPA-PSK/AES
- WPA2-PSK/TKIP
- WPA2-PSK/AES

4.5.3 Search Function for STA
When using web configuration STA Interface Setting Page, user can push “Search” button to find surrounding AP, and find a AP to associated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STA Interface Parameters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP's SSID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC Address (Optional)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Encryption Type</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Figure 22 Search page](Figure 22 Search page)

4.5.4 Address Binding
USR-WIFI232-A2 module supports the feature of binding the BSSID address of target network.
According to the provisions of 802.11 protocol, different wireless networks can have a same network name (i.e. SSID / ESSID), but must correspond to a unique BSSID address (i.e. MAC address). Illegal intruders can create a wireless network with the same SSID / ESSID, it will make STAs in the network to join to the illegal AP, thereby and then network leakage happen.

Users can prevent STA from joining to illegal network by binding the BSSID address, to improve wireless network security.

### 4.6 UART Frame Scheme

#### 4.6.1 UART Free-Frame

USR-WIFI232-A2 support UART free-frame function. If user select open this function, module will check the intervals between any two bytes when receiving UART data. If this interval time exceeds defined value (50ms default), USR-WIFI232-A2 will think it as the end of one frame and transfer this free-frame to WiFi port, or USR-WIFI232-A2 will receive UART data until 4K bytes, then transfer 4KB frame to WiFi port.

USR-WIFI232-A2 is default interval time is 50ms. User can also set this interval to fast (10ms) through AT command. But user have to consider if user MCU can send UART data with 10ms interval ,or the UART data may be divide as fragment.

Through AT command: AT+FUARTTE=fast/normal, user can set the interval time: fast (10ms) and normal (50ms). This command is factory default setting command and AT+RELD can’t change its value.

#### 4.6.2 UART Auto-Frame

USR-WIFI232-A2 support UART auto-frame function. If user select open this function and setting auto-frame trigger length and auto-frame trigger time parameters, then module will auto framing the data which received from UART port and transmitting to the network as pre-defined data structure.

- **Auto-frame trigger length**: The fixed data length that module used to transmitting to the network.
- **Auto-frame trigger time**: After the trigger time, if UART port received data can’t reach auto-frame trigger length, then module will transmitting available data to the network and bypass the auto-frame trigger length condition.

Detailed UART auto-frame function can refer to AT+ instruction set “UARTF/UARTFT/UARTFL” introduction.
4.7 Network Setting

USR-WIFI232-A2 module has two TCP/UDP Socket: Socket A and Socket B. Serial data written to the module, will be sent to the Socket A and B simultaneously; TCP/UDP data that module receives through either Socket A or B, will be sent to the serial port. Dual Socket through different settings, you can achieve a variety of network interconnect. When the module shipped only open Socket A, Socket B default is not to connect, if the user needs to use, please set by AT commands.

4.7.1 Socket A

Socket A has three work mode: TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP Client, UDP Server. The setting method, please refer to the AT+NETP command instruction. When Socket A configured as TCP Server, it supports Multi-TCP link connection, and maximum 32 TCP clients permitted to connect to Socket A. Multi-TCP link connection will work as following structure:

- Upstream: All dates from different TCP connection or client will be transmitted to the serial port as a sequence.
- Downstream: All data from serial port (user) will be duplicate and broadcast to every TCP connection or client.

Detailed multi-TCP link data transmission structure as following figure:

![Figure 23 Multi-TCP Link Data Transmission Structure](image)

4.7.2 Socket B

Socket B has one work mode: TCP Client, please refer to the AT+TCPB/AT+TCPPTB/TCPADDB/TCPTOB/TCPLKB command instruction. With variety work mode, socket B can provide users with flexible data transfer methods. For example, Socket B can connect to a remote server in order to achieve remote control.
4.8 New function

TCP password authentication

This feature is available only on the module as a TCP server, when the TCP client connection module, the module will authenticate each connected tcp. Each TCP client first data is the "password+0x0d+0x0a" (the password is Webpage authentication password). The default password is "admin", so the first piece of data should be "0x61 0x64 0x6D 0x69 0x6E 0x0D 0x0A" (Hex). If the password is correct, the module returns "OK", on the other hand, return to the "NO" and disconnect. The TCP connection of this function can be Webpage in "TCP connection password authentication" is opened or disable. Please refer to the specific "5.1.6" section.

4.8.1 Registered Package ID/MAC

This function only applies to the module as a TCP client, in front of the data when module connected to the server with two bytes of ID (ID the range is 0 ~ 65535, the high byte before, and the low byte behind) plus two bytes ID radix-minus-one complement(or upload 6 bytes MAC address). Module is the default ID is 1111(MAC:D8B04CF20000), for example, is sent to the server when the first four bytes "0x57 0x04 0xfb 0xa8"(or "0xD8 0xB0 0x4C 0xF2 0x00 0x00"). There are two ways to upload their own id: one is to upload their own ID/MAC for connection to the server for the first time;The other is a plus ID/MAC in front of each data. Registered Package related parameter is set in the "serial port and other Settings" section of the web, build joint function of ID/MAC for the first time, and each data with the function of ID/MAC are disabled by default.

Note: the function of the upload MAC supported in V5.01.14 and above version.

4.8.2 Self-adaption Baudrate

This feature, please cooperate with our company's virtual serial port software use. Use a serial port connected module, and use the at command "at + AABR = on" open this function and restart.In the USR - VOCM software "synchronous baud rate (RFC2217 similar)" is selected, the following figure.

Specific setup process, please refer to the AT command section(5.2.2.2.39).

![Figure 24 RFC 2217](image)

In this way, the module of baud rate will be as the USR-VCOM to change at any time, and don't have to restart the module.If restart the module, baud rate and will come back to before.
4.8.3 WEB IO

This function only work for "GPIO mode".
When the module is in the "GPIO mode", enter the Webpage in "WEB IO", you can click on the corresponding button to control module pin level. Without the need to download and install app, any platform, any equipment, as long as you can into the built-in Webpage of module through the browser built-you can control module pin of IO.

4.8.4 Keepalive

V4.02.10. USR13 and above version of the firmware added keepalive when the TCP connection mechanism, so when the module of network anomalies, timely diagnose abnormal to the network and disconnect, when the network has resumed after, and just in time to connect to the server.

4.8.5 Multiple STA parameters

This function based on V4.02.10 D.U SR18 and above version of the firmware, in the sta mode, if can network signal is too low, it will automatically switch to the other AP network (switching network automatically restart).
This feature provides a signal threshold, when the current network signals is lower than the critical value, the module of automatic switching network and restart.If the signal value is set to 100, the module will not switch network.Even if the current network signal is not the current network will always search, not heavy to other networks.
The function of the specific Settings page refer to section 5.1.4.
Specific setup process, please refer to the AT command section(5.2.2.2.50-5.2.2.2.56).

4.8.6 Websocket

This module can realize the function of the websocket server, allowing serial real-time interaction with the web module, replace the previous HTTP GET, POST, corresponding faster.This module provides the corresponding websocket test page for user testing, specific page is as follows:(web Page:10.10.100.254/websocketen.html)
Figure 25  Websocket Page

Click on the "connect" page and then implements a connection, so a serial port with page can send or receive data from each other. This module websocket server support 8 client connection at the same time. This function for web applications, and for web users with higher response speed, if you want to customize the corresponding web page, can connect your company. Note: This function occupy the 8000 port of module.

4.8.7 Fast access Wi-Fi(usr-link)

When one module works in AP mode, it opens a UDP port used to receive fast access Wi-Fi commands, the port number is 49000. The phone PDA can directly connect to Wi-Fi network of the module, send commands to search router list and set SSID and password. After the completion of set up, module will automatically restart, connected to the router, work in the STA mode at this time.

Protocol format

Search command

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Num of Bytes</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>head</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>fixed value:0xFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>length</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sum of data bytes from length bytes to check byte(not contain length bytes and check byte).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>cmd</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Command type, 0x01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>check</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sum of bytes from head (not contained) byte to check byte (not contained).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response for searching

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Num of Bytes</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>head</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>fixed value:0xFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>length</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sum of data bytes from length bytes to check byte(not contain length bytes and check byte).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>cmd</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Command type, 0x81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>The number of AP what module scans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>SSID1</td>
<td>Unsize</td>
<td>The SSID of router 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>separator</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Separator of SSID1, fixed value:0x00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Signal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Signal strength of router 1.0~100: 0%~100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>separator</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Separator of signal strength1, fixed value: 0x0D,0x0A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>SSID n</td>
<td>Unsize</td>
<td>The SSID of router n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M+1</td>
<td>separator</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Separator of SSID n, fixed value:0x00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M+2</td>
<td>Signal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Signal strength of router n,0~100: 0%~100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M+3</td>
<td>separator</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>fixed value:0x0D,0x0A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M+4</td>
<td>check</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sum of bytes from head (not contained) byte to check byte (not contained).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:

Data from phone PDA to module (HEX): FF 00 01 01 02
Data from module to phone PDA (HEX): FF 00 14 81 02 54 45 53 54 31 00 40 0D 0A 54 45 53 54 32 00 37 0D 0A 1F

Explanation:
The phone PDA send searching command to module, the response from module is: SSID of router1 is “TEST1”, signal strength of router1 is 64%; SSID of router2 is “TEST2”, signal strength of router2 is 55%.

Note: The information of routers is ordered by signal strength.

Setting command

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Num of Bytes</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>head</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>fixed value:0xFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>length</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sum of data bytes from length bytes to check byte (not contain length bytes and check byte).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>cmd</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Command type, 0x02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>reserve</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>fixed value:0x00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>SSID</td>
<td>Unsize</td>
<td>SSID of router</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>separator</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>fixed value:0x0D,0x0A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>password</td>
<td>Unsize</td>
<td>Password of router</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>check</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sum of bytes from head (not contained) byte to check byte (not contained).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response for setting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Num of Bytes</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>head</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>fixed value:0xFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>length</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sum of data bytes from length bytes to check byte (not contain length bytes and check byte).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>cmd</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Command type, 0x82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Check for SSID</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>If the SSID set by PDA exist, check value is 0x01, otherwise is 0x00.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Check for password</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>If the form of password set by PDA is correct, check value is 0x01, otherwise is 0x00.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>check</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sum of bytes from head (not contained) byte to check byte (not contained).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:

Data from phone PDA to module (HEX): FF 00 0F 02 00 54 45 53 54 31 0D 0A 31 32 33 34 35 36 3E
Data from module to phone PDA (HEX): FF 00 03 82 01 01 87

Explanation:

The phone PDA send setting command to module, SSID is set to “TEST1”, password is set to “123456”. The response from module is that the “TEST1” Wi-Fi network exist, the form of password is correct.

4.9 Palmodic Signal

Base on selected factory default setting, “nReady” signal can have two output statuses:

- Status One: The module will output “0” after normal boot up. This signal used to judge if module finish boot up and ready for application.
- Status Two: The module will output “Palmodic Signal” after normal boot up. The palmodic signal is 0.5Hz square wave with dutyfactor 1:1. User can query this signal to judge if moduleis active “live” or need to re-boot. When module switches to command mode, it will output “0”, which used to distinguish work mode and command mode.

Notes:
This function is user selected factory setting and RELD instruction will not effective for this function. If user not requires this function, the default factory setting is Status One. Contact with USR Technology for more detailed support.

4.10 Parameters Configuration

USR-WIFI232-A2 module supports two methods to configuration parameters: **Web Accessing** and **AT+instruction set**.

Web accessing means users can configure parameters through built-in webpage. When USR-WIFI232-A2 module connected to wireless network, parameters configuration is done on a PC connected to the same wireless network. AT+instruction set configuration means user configure parameters through serial interface command. Refer to “AT+instruction set” chapter for more detail.

**Notes:**
USR can customized the parameters setting as customer request and ship USR-WIFI232-A/B/C modules with these parameters as factory default configuration. It will reduce user’s module configuration time for mass production. Also, if user need different parameters setting for every module, USR can provide the auto-configuration tool to speed up the module configuration duration. Please contact USR technical interface to acquire this tool if required.

4.11 Firmware Upgrade

USR-WIFI232-A2 module supports firmware upgrade online.
Web Accessing and AT command set

4.12 Configuration via Web Accessing

When first use USR-WIFI232-A2 modules, user may need some configuration. User can connect to USR-WIFI232-A2 module’s wireless interface with following default setting information and configure the module through laptop.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>Default Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SSID</td>
<td>USR-WIFI232-A2_xxxx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address</td>
<td>10.10.100.254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subnet Mask</td>
<td>255.255.255.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Name</td>
<td>admin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>admin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.12.1 Open Web Management Interface

Step 1: Connect laptop to SSID “USR-WIFI232-A2_xxxx” of USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module via wireless LAN card;
Step 2: After wireless connection OK. Open Wen browser and access “http://10.10.100.254”;
Step 3: Then input user name and password in the page as following and click “OK” button.

![Open Web Management page](image)

The USR-WIFI232-A2 web management page support English and Chinese language. User can select language environment at the top right corner and click “Apply” button.

The main menu include five pages: “Mode Selection”, “AP Interface Setting”, “STA Interface Setting”, “Application Setting”, “WEB IO” and “Device Management”
4.12.2 Quick Configure

This page provides users with a method of rapid configuration module. Users according to the steps to configure the parameters and restart the module page, you can let the module is normal work, reduced the configuration steps and time. Of course the options on this page is less, if some detailed configuration, still need to the corresponding configuration page.

![Quick Configure Page](image)

**Figure 27 Quick Configure Page**

This page has four configuration options and a restart, the corresponding instructions below:
- **WI-FI Setting**: set the working mode of wifi, AP mode or the STA.
- **Ethernet Ports Setting**: open/close the Ethernet ports, and set up the corresponding work mode.
- **UART Setting**: set serial port parameters, including baud rate, parity bit, 485 functions and so on.
- **Network Setting**: set network parameters, Only TCPA related parameters.
- **Device Management**: when after completion of the above parameters are configured, click reset module.

4.12.3 Mode Selection Page

This page use to setting the wireless networking mode (AP and STA mode).
"Data transmission mode" selection module working mode are "Transparent Mode", "Serial Command mode", "HTTPD Client mode", "GPIO mode".
"TCP connection password authentication" can choose whether open TCP password authentication.
4.12.4 AP Interface Setting Page

This page use to setting the parameters when USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module works as AP. Such as SSID of AP which module need to connected, and also select the networking type: DHCP or static IP address.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wireless Network</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Network Mode</td>
<td>11b/g/n mixed mode ▼</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network Name(SSID)</td>
<td>USR-WIFI232-AP_2524 Hidden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency (Channel)</td>
<td>AutoSelect ▼</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 29 AP Interface Setting Page

4.12.5 STA Interface Setting Page

This page use to setting the parameters when USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module works as STA. Such as SSID of AP which module need to connected, and also select the networking type: DHCP or static IP address.
4.12.6 Application Setting Page

This page uses to setting the parameters of serial port communication, such as UART setting, UART AutoFrame Setting, Ethernet function, Device ID setting and high layer network protocol setting which used support serial communication.
Notes:
Generally, Network protocols support three modes: TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP Client UDP Server.

Besides module working as TCP Server (IP address not required in this mode). User must set the IP address of the device which need communicate with USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module. Also the Port ID between two sides of the communication devices must keep the same.

4.12.7 Ethernet Setting

This page is used to set Ethernet front-end ports of the module, It can be open or closed. And also can be set to the WAN port to use, this module can be used as a secondary router, making it easy for users to network. Specific Settings page is as follows:
4.12.8 HTTPD Client Mode

This page sets the HTTP header in the HTTPD Client mode. Include: the address of the server, the server port, request type, protocol header path, Connection, user-agent. HTTPD Client mode support POST, PUT, GET three HTTP request types. Is a POST or PUT request way, serial data can be added to the back of the HTTP header; When the request is a GET, data can be added to the back of the path in the HTTP header. The specific way of sending data can consult section 4.2.4.

![HTTPD-Client Mode](image)

Figure 33 HTTPD Client Mode Page

4.12.9 WEB IO

![WEB IO](image)

Figure 34 WEB IO Page
4.12.10 Advanced Page

Under the advanced Settings page, the user can set the port mapping and function of DDNS, without having to go on a router Settings, reduce the complexity of setting, the port mapping and DDNS, can be in the public environment, by entering the peanut shell domain name and port, can quickly and easily find the module.

![Advanced Setting](image)

**Figure 35 Advanced Setting Page**

4.12.11 Device Management Page

This page use to manage USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module general setting, such as administrator setting, restart module button, restore factory default setting button, and update firmware through webpage.
Figure 36 Device Management Page

Notes: Restart module button: When you setting the parameters of different web pages, you will click “Apply” button to confirm the setting, but the setting take effect only after user click the “ Restart” button here, the module will re-boot up and refresh the memory information with new changes.

4.13 AT command Introduction

4.13.1 Configuration Mode

When USR-WIFI232-A2 power up, it will default works as transparent transmission mode, then user can switch to configuration mode by serial port command. USR-WIFI232-A2 UART default parameters setting as below figure.

Figure 37 USR-WIFI232-A2 Default UART Port Parameters

In configuration mode, user can setting the module through AT+ instruction set, which cover all web page setting function.
4.13.1.1 Switch to Configuration Mode
Two steps to finish switching from transparent transmission mode to configuration mode.

- UART input “+++”, after module receive “+++”, and feedback “a” as confirmation.
- UART input “a”, after module receive “a” and feedback “+ok” to go into AT+ instruction set configuration mode.

Figure 38 Switch to Configuration Mode

Notes:
1. When user input “+++” (No “Enter” key required), the UART port will display feedback information “a”, and not display input information “+++” as above UART display.
2. Any other input or wrong step to UART port will cause the module still works as original mode (transparent transmission).

4.13.2 AT+ Instruction Set Overview
User can input AT+ Instruction through hyper terminal or other serial debug terminal, also can program the AT+ Instruction to script. User can also input “AT+H” to list all AT+ Instruction and description to start.
Figure 39  "AT+H" Instruction for Help

We supply software USR-WIFI232-Setup to send command easily, software setup:

![Serial port parameter](image)

Figure 40  Serial port parameter

Click “Open Com”, send “+++a”, it will reply +ok in left side, then type in and send the command you need to send, then click “AT+RELD” to restore, then parameters saved.
Figure 41  software of USR-WIFI232-Setup

Above is by COM, also you can send by WIFI:
First, connect with PC, open the software, see Net part

Figure 42  Search module

Click search, then will show module, click module then you can send command.

4.13.2.1 Instruction Syntax Format
AT+Instruction protocol is based on the instruction of ASCII command style, the description of syntax format as follow.

- Format Description
  - `<>`: Means the parts must be included
  - `[]`: Means the optional part

- Command Message
AT+[CMD][op][para-1,para-2,para-3,para-4…]<CR>

- **AT+:** Prefix of command message;
- **CMD:** Command string;
- **[op]:** Symbol of command operator,
  - “=”: The command requires parameters input;
  - “NULL”: Query the current command parameters setting;
- **[para-n]:** Parameters input for setting if required;

<CR>: "Enter" Key, it’s 0x0a or 0x0d in ASCII;

**Notes:** When input AT+Instruction, “AT+<CMD>” character will display capital letter automatic and other parts will not change as you input.

- **Response Message**

  +[RSP][op] [para-1,para-2,para-3,para-4…]<CR><LF><CR><LF>

- **+:** Prefix of response message;
- **RSP:** Response string;
  - “ok” : Success
  - “ERR”: Failure
- **[op]:** =
- **[para-n]:** Parameters if query command or Error code when error happened;
- **<CR>:** ASCII 0x0d;
- **<LF>:** ASCII 0x0a;

- **Error Code**

  *Table 8  Error Code Description USR-WIFI232-A/B/C Web Access Default Setting*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-1</td>
<td>Invalid Command Format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-2</td>
<td>Invalid Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-3</td>
<td>Invalid Operation Symbol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-4</td>
<td>Invalid Parameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-5</td>
<td>Operation Not Permitted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.13.2.2 AT+ command Set

*Table 9  AT+ command Set List*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instruction</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;null&gt;</td>
<td>NULL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Open/Close show back function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENTM</td>
<td>Set module into transparent transmission mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NETP</td>
<td>Set/Query network protocol parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UART</td>
<td>Set/Query serial port parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UARTF</td>
<td>Open/Close UART auto-frame function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UARTFT</td>
<td>Set/Query UART auto-frame trigger time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UARTFL</td>
<td>Set/Query UART auto-frame trigger length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMODE</td>
<td>Set/Query data transmission mode (transparent transmission or agreement transmission)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WMODE</td>
<td>Set/Query WIFI work mode (AP or STA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSKEY</td>
<td>Set/Query WIFI security parameters as STA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSSSID</td>
<td>Set/Query WIFI target AP SSID parameters as STA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSLK</td>
<td>Query WiFi link status as STA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBU</td>
<td>Set/Query WEB page login parameters (User Name and Password)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAP</td>
<td>Set/Query WIFI parameters as AP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAKEY</td>
<td>Set/Query WIFI security parameters as AP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIDESSID</td>
<td>Set/Query hide AP’s SSID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSLP</td>
<td>Set modules into power save mode.(Turn OFF WiFi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSCAN</td>
<td>Seek AP when module works as STA mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPLK</td>
<td>Query if TCP link already build-up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPDIS</td>
<td>Open/Cose TCP (Only TCP Client available)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WANN</td>
<td>Set/Query WAN setting, only effective as STA mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LANN</td>
<td>Set/Query LAN setting, only effective as AP mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHCPDEN</td>
<td>Enable/Disable LAN DHCP server function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHCPCW</td>
<td>Set/Query DHCP gateway address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPTO</td>
<td>Set/Query TCP timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAXSK</td>
<td>Set/Query maxima TCP connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPB</td>
<td>Open/Close TCPB function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPPBT</td>
<td>Set/Query TCPB port number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPADDB</td>
<td>Set/Query TCPB server address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPTOB</td>
<td>Set/Query TCPB time out time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPQLKB</td>
<td>Query TCPB link status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPHY</td>
<td>Open/Close ETH interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STTC</td>
<td>Enable/Disable STA port scan function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOMAIN</td>
<td>Set/Query domain of module webpage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RELD</td>
<td>Restore to factory default setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FUDILX</td>
<td>Open / close the 485 function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MID</td>
<td>Device ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDFIR</td>
<td>Send an ID when module connection is established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDEVE</td>
<td>Every time to send data to send ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AABBR</td>
<td>Open / close baud rate adaptive function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MID</td>
<td>Query module ID information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VER</td>
<td>Query module software version information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Help</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSSSIDA</td>
<td>Set/query the first AP’s ssid of 3 sta parameters settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSSSIDB</td>
<td>Set/query the second AP’s ssid of 3 sta parameters settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSSSIDC</td>
<td>Set/query the third AP’s ssid of 3 sta parameters settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSKEYA</td>
<td>Set/query the first AP’s password of 3 sta parameters settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSKEYB</td>
<td>Set/query the second AP’s password of 3 sta parameters settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSKEYC</td>
<td>Set/query the third AP’s password of 3 sta parameters settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSQY</td>
<td>Set/query the critical value of network switching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTPMODE</td>
<td>The switch of new/old HTTP headers setting mode(HTTPD Client)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTPSV</td>
<td>Under the new mode,Settings/query server and IP address(HTTPD Client)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTPPT</td>
<td>Under the new mode,Settings/query request type(HTTPD Client)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTPURL</td>
<td>Under the new mode,setting/query request path(HTTPD Client)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTPHEAD</td>
<td>Under the new mode,Settings/query the HTTP header(HTTPD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes: USR-WIFI232-A2 module can work as AP or STA, user have to use different AT+ Instruction to set WiFi parameters when module works as AP or STA mode.

### 4.13.2.2.1 AT+E

- **Function:** Open/Close show back function;
- **Format:**

```
AT+E<CR>
+ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
```

When USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module firstly switch from transparent transmission to configuration mode, show back status is open, input “AT+E” to close show back function, input “AT+E” again to open show back function.

### 4.13.2.2.2 AT+ENTM

- **Function:** Set module into transparent transmission mode;
- **Format:**

```
AT+ENTM<CR>
+ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
```

When operate this command, module switch from configuration mode to transparent transmission mode.

### 4.13.2.2.3 AT+NETP

- **Function:** Set/Query network protocol parameters;
- **Format:**
  - **Query Operation**

```
AT+NETP<CR>
+ok=<protocol,CS,port,IP><CR><LF><CR><LF>
```
  - **Set Operation**

```
AT+NETP=<protocol,CS,port,IP><CR>
+ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
```

- **Parameters:**
  - **protocol:**
    - TCP
    - UDP
  - **CS:** Network mode:
    - SERVER
    - CLIENT
  - **Port:** protocol port ID: Decimal digit and less than 65535

*Note: When it is Tcp and Udp Server, the Port can not be 80 (HTTP port), 8000 (websocket port), 49000 (usr - link port).*
After USR-WIFI232-A2 module boots up again, the setting will be effective.

4.13.2.4  AT+UART

- Function: Set/Query serial port parameters;
- Format:
  - Query Operation


```
AT+UART<CR>
+ok=<baudrate,data_bits,stop_bit,parity,flowctrl><CR><LF><LF>
```

- Set Operation

```
AT+UART=<baudrate,data_bits,stop_bit,parity,flowctrl><CR>
+ok<CR><LF><LF>
```

- Parameters:
  - baudrate:
    - 300,600,1200,1800,2400,4800,9600,19200,38400,57600,115200,230400,345600,460800
  - data_bits:
    - 5,6,7,8
  - stop_bits:
    - 1,2
  - parity:
    - NONE,EVEN,ODD,MARK,SPACE
  - flowctrl: hardware flow control (CTSRTS)
    - NFC: No flow control
    - FC: flow control

After USR-WIFI232-A2 module boots up again, the setting will be effective.

4.13.2.5  AT+UARTF

- Function: Open/Close UART auto-frame function;
- Format:
  - Query Operation


```
AT+UARTF<CR>
+ok=<para><CR><LF><LF>
```

- Set Operation

```
AT+UARTF=<para><CR>
+ok<CR><LF><LF>
```

- Parameters:
  - para:
    - disable - Close auto-frame function;
    - enable - Open auto-frame function;

4.13.2.6  AT+UARTFT

- Function: Set/Query UART auto-frame trigger time;
- Format:
  - Query Operation


```
AT+UARTFT<CR>
```
4.13.2.2.7 AT+UARTFL

Function: Set/Query UART auto-frame trigger length;

Format:

Query Operation
AT+UARTFL<CR>
+ok=<len><CR><LF><LF>

Set Operation
AT+UARTFL=<len><CR>
+ok=CR><LF><LF>

Parameters:

len: Range 64 ~4096; Unit: byte. Auto-frame trigger length;

4.13.2.2.8 AT+TMODE

Function: Set/Query data transmission mode;

Format:

Query Operation
AT+TMODE<CR>
+ok=<tmode><CR><LF><LF>

Set Operation
AT+TMODE=<tmode><CR>
+ok=CR><LF><LF>

Parameters:

tmode: Data transmission mode

Through: Transparent transmission
Agreement: Agreement transmission
Httpdclient: Httpd Client Mode
GPIO: GPIO Mode

After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective.

Note: No CMD. After power on, the module will not work in the AT command mode by default.

4.13.2.2.9 AT+WMODE

Function: Set/Query WIFI work mode;

Format:

Query Operation
AT+WMODE<CR>
+ok=<mode><CR><LF><LF>

Set Operation
AT+WMODE=<mode><CR>
+ok=CR><LF><LF>

Parameters:
4.13.2.2.10 AT+WSKEY

- Function: Set/Query WIFI security parameters as STA;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
    
    AT+WSKEY<CR>
    +ok=<auth,encry,key><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
    
    AT+WSKEY=<auth,encry,key><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>

- Parameters:
  - auth: Authentication mode
    - OPEN
    - SHARED
    - WPAPSK
    - WPA2PSK
  - encry: Encryption algorithm
    - NONE: When "auth=OPEN", effective
    - WEP: When "auth=OPEN" or "SHARED", effective
    - TKIP: When "auth=WPAPSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
    - AES: When "auth=WPAPSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
  - key: password, ASCII code, shall less than 64 bit and greater than 8bit

This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

4.13.2.2.11 AT+WSSSID

- Function: Set/Query WIFI target AP SSID parameters as STA.
- Format:
  - Query Operation
    
    AT+WSSSID<CR>
    +ok=<ap’s ssid><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
    
    AT+WSSSID=<ap’s ssid><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>

- Parameters:
  - ap’s ssid: AP’s SSID

This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

4.13.2.2.12 AT+WSLK
Function: Query WiFi link status as STA
Format:

- Query Operation

```
AT+WSLK<CR>
+ok=<ret><LF><CR><LF>
```

Parameters:
- ret
  - "Disconnected", if no WiFi connection;
  - "AP' SSID（AP’s MAC”），if WiFi connection available;
  - "RF Off", if WiFi OFF;

This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

### 4.13.2.2.13 AT+WEBU

Function: Set/Query WEB page login parameters;
Format:

- Query Operation

```
AT+WEBU<CR>
+ok=<usr,password><LF><CR><LF>
```

- Set Operation

```
AT+WEBU=<usr,password><CR>
+ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
```

Parameters:
- usr: User name for WEB page access;
- password: Password for WEB page access;

### 4.13.2.14 AT+WAP

Function: Set/Query WIFI parameters as AP;
Format:

- Query Operation

```
AT+WAP<CR>
+ok=<wifi_mode,ssid,channel><LF><CR><LF>
```

- Set Operation

```
AT+WAP=<wifi_mode,ssid,channel><CR>
+ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
```

Parameters:
- wifi_mode: WiFi protocols
  - 11BG
  - 11B
  - 11G
  - 11BGN
  - 11N
- ssid: SSID when module works as AP;
- channel: WIFI channel selection
  - AUTO
This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as AP. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as STA.

### 4.13.2.2.15 AT+WAKEY

- **Function:** Set/Query WIFI security parameters as AP;
- **Format:**
  - **Query Operation**
    
    ```
    AT+WAKEY<CR>
    +ok=<auth,encry,key><CR><LF><CR><LF>
    ```
  - **Set Operation**
    
    ```
    AT+WAKEY=< auth,encry,key><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
    ```
- **Parameters:**
  - **auth:** Authentication mode
    - OPEN
    - SHARED
    - WPAPSK
    - WPA2PSK
  - **encry:** Encryption algorithm
    - NONE: When "auth=OPEN", effective;
    - WEP: When "auth=OPEN", effective or "SHARED", effective;
    - TKIP: When "auth=WPAPSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective;
    - AES: When "auth=WPAPSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective;
    - TKIPAES: When "auth=WPAPSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective;
  - **key:** password, ASCII code, shall less than 64 bit and greater than 8bit;

This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as AP. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as STA.

### 4.13.2.2.16 AT+HIDESSID

- **Function:** Set/Query hide AP’s SSID;
- **Format:**
  - **Query Operation**
    
    ```
    AT+HIDSSID<CR>
    +ok=<sta><CR><LF><CR><LF>
    ```
  - **Set Operation**
    
    ```
    AT+HIDSSID=<sta><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
    ```
- **Parameters:**
  - **When Query, sta reply if module’s SSID is hide;**
    - On-not hide SSID
    - Off- hide SSID
4.13.2.17 AT+MSLP
- Function: Set modules into power save mode.(Turn OFF WiFi, Regardless of the AP mode or the sta mode);
- Format:
  - Query Operation
  ```
  AT+MSLP<CR>
  +ok=<sta.><LF><CR><LF>
  ```
  - Set Operation
  ```
  AT+MSLP=<on/off><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```
- Parameters:
  - When Query, sta reply if the module in sleep mode;
    - On - Module not in sleep mode (WiFi ON);
    - Off - Module in sleep mode (WiFi OFF);
  - When Set,
    - Off - Set module to sleep mode (WiFi OFF);
    - On - Set module to normal mode (WiFi ON);

When module go into sleep mode, user can input “AT+MSLP=on” to re-start the module and module go into transparent transmission mode.

4.13.2.18 AT+WSCAN
- Function: Seek AP.
- Format:
  ```
  AT+WSCAN<CR>
  +ok=<ap_site><LF><CR><LF>
  ```
- Parameters:
  - ap_site: AP searched;

The first line of the return value is “RSSI, SSID, BSSID, Channel, Encryption,Authentication”, they are the signal strength, network name, MAC address, channel, mode of authentication, encryption algorithm.

4.13.2.19 AT+TCPLK
- Function: Query if TCP link already build-up;
- Format:
  ```
  AT+TCPLK<CR>
  +ok=<sta><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```
- Parameters:
  - sta.: if module already setup TCP link;
    - on: TCP link setup;
    - off: TCP link not setup;

4.13.2.20 AT+TCPDIS
- Function: Open/Cose TCP (Only TCP Client available);
4.13.2.2.21  AT+ WANN

Function: Set/Query WAN setting, only effective as STA mode;

Format:
- Query Operation

AT+WANN<CR>
+ok=<mode,address,mask,gateway><CR><LF><LF>

- Set Operation

AT+ WANN=< mode,address,mask,gateway ><CR>
+ok=<CR><LF><CR><LF>

Parameters:
- mode: IP setting for WAN port
  - static: Static IP
  - DHCP: Dynamic IP
- address: WAN port IP address;
- mask: WAN port subnet mask;
- gateway: WAN port gateway address;

This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

4.13.2.2.22  AT+ LANN

Function: Set/Query LAN setting, only effective as AP mode;

Format:
- Query Operation

AT+LANN<CR>
+ok=<address,mask ><CR><LF><CR><LF>

- Set Operation

AT+ LANN=<address,mask ><CR>
+ok=<CR><LF><CR><LF>

Parameters:
- address: LAN port IP address;
- mask: LAN port subnet mask;
This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as AP. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as STA.

Note: AT+WANN check the wan port address of module, AT+LANN check the LAN port address of module, and the two IP cannot be set on the same network segment, If do, Module will be abnormal.

4.13.2.2.23  AT+DHCPDEN

- Function: Enable/Disable LAN DHCP server function;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
    AT+DHCPDEN<CR>
    +ok=<sta><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
    AT+DHCPDEN=<sta><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>

- Parameters:
  - sta. If Enable/Disable LAN DHCP server function;
    - on: Enable LAN DHCP function
    - off: Disable LAN DHCP function

4.13.2.2.24  AT+DHCPGW

- Function: Set/Query DHCP gateway address;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
    AT+DHCPGW<CR>
    +ok=<address><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
    AT+DHCPGW=<address><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>

- Parameters:
  - address: DHCP gate address;

4.13.2.2.25  AT+TCPTO

- Function: Set/Query TCP timeout;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
    AT+TCPTO<CR>
    +ok=<time><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
    AT+TCPTO=<time><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>

- Parameters:
  - time: TCP timeout time.
    - <= 600, (600s);
    - >0, (0 means no timeout);
    - Default, 0s;
TCP timeout: module began to count when TCP channel did not receive any data, receive data purge count. If the timing time exceed TCPTO, disconnect the TCP channel. If module work in TCP Client, it will take the initiative to rewiring the TCP Server, If module work in the TCP Server, the TCP Client need active reconnection.

4.13.2.2.26 AT+ MAXSK
- Function: Set/Query maxima TCP connection;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
  AT+ MAXSK<CR>
  +ok=<num><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
  AT+ MAXSK =<num ><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
- Parameters:
  - num: 1~32, default 32. maxima TCP connection;

When configure as TCP/Server, USR-WIFI232-A/B/C support maxima 32 TCP connections. If not require so much connection, user can resetting this parameters.

4.13.2.2.27 AT+TCPB
- Function: Open/Close TCPB function;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
  AT+TCPB<CR>
  +ok=<sta><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
  AT+ TCPB=<on/off><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
- Parameters:
  - sta: TCPB enable status
    - on, TCPB enable
    - off, TCPB disable

After USR-WIFI232-A2 module boots up again, the setting will be effective.

4.13.2.2.28 AT+TCPPTB
- Function: Set/Query TCPB port number;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
  AT+TCPPTB<CR>
  +ok=<port><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  - Set Operation
  AT+ TCPB=<port><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
- Parameters:
  - port: decimal ,<65535
After USR-WIFI232-A2 module boots up again, the setting will be effective.

4.13.2.2.29 AT+TCPADDB

- Function: Set/Query TCPB server address;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
  AT+TCPADDB<CR>
  +ok=<add><CR><LF><LF>
  - Set Operation
  AT+TCPADDB=<add><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><LF>
- Parameters:
  - add: TCPB server address, can be IP address or url.

After USR-WIFI232-A2 module boots up again, the setting will be effective

4.13.2.2.30 AT+TCPTOB

- Function: Set/Query TCPB time out time;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
  AT+TCPTOB<CR>
  +ok=<time><CR><LF><LF>
  - Set Operation
  AT+TCPTOB=<time><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><LF>
- Parameters:
  - time: TCPB time out time, <=600 (600s), >=0 (No time out), default 0

After USR-WIFI232-A2 module boots up again, the setting will be effective.

4.13.2.2.31 AT+TCPLKB

- Function: Query TCPB link status;
- Format:
  AT+TCPCKB<CR>
  +ok=<sta><CR><LF><LF>
- Parameters:
  - sta: TCPB link status
    - on, TCPB link OK
    - off, TCPB link not available

4.13.2.2.32 AT+EPHY

- Function: Open/Close ETH interface;
- Format:
  - Set Operation
  AT+EPHY=<on/off><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><LF>
- Parameters:
  - On/off
    - Off: Close Ethernet port function;
diamond On: Open Ethernet port function;
If you want to keep the Ethernet port open, please use the AT+FEPHY=on.
Close module’s Ethernet port function can reduce the power consumption. The default setting for
USR-WIFI232-A/B/C is close Ethernet port function.
Use AT + FVEW = disable/enable, so you can set the modules work in LAN port (disable) or wan port
(enable), the directive restore factory Settings to take effect.

4.13.2.2.33 AT+STTC
- Function: Enable/Disable STA port scan function
- Format:
  - Query Operation
    AT+STTC<CR>
    +ok=<sta><LF><LF>
  - Set Operation
    AT+STTC=<on/off><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><LF>
- Parameters:
  - Sta: when query, this value feedback
    - On: Enable STA port scan function
    - Off: Disable STA port scan function

4.13.2.34 AT+DOMAIN
- Function: Set/Query domain of module webpage;
- Format
  - Query Operation
    AT+DOMAIN<CR>
    +ok=<domain><CR><LF><LF>
  - Set Operation
    AT+DOMAIN=<domain><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><LF>
- Parameters:
  - domain: domain to access to module webpage

4.13.2.35 AT+FUDLX
- Function: Enable/Disable 485 function;
- Format:
  - Query Operation
    AT+FUDLX<CR>
    +ok=<on/off><LF><LF>
  - Set Operation
    AT+FUDLX=<on/off><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><LF>
- Parameters:
  - On/off: Enable or Disable 485 function
    - On, enable 485 function;
    - Off, disable 485 function;
Notes: AT+FUDLX is F-Setting, means restore to factory setting will not affect this command.

### 4.13.2.2.36 AT+MMID

- **Function:** Set/Query Device ID;
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation

  ```
  AT+MMID<CR>
  +ok=<time><LF><LF>
  ```

  - Set Operation

  ```
  AT+MMID=<time><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF>
  ```

- **Parameters:**
  - ID: device id(0~65535)

After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective.

### 4.13.2.2.37 AT+IDFIR

- **Function:** Enable/Disable “Send an ID when module connection is established” function;
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation

  ```
  AT+IDFIR<CR>
  +ok=<on/off><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```

  - Set Operation

  ```
  AT+IDFIR=<on/off><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```

- **Parameters:**
  - On/off: Enable or Disable “Send an ID when module connection is established” function
    - On, enable “Send an ID when module connection is established” function;
    - Off, disable “Send an ID when module connection is established” function;

### 4.13.2.2.38 AT+IDEVE

- **Function:** Enable/Disable Every time to send data to send ID function;
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation

  ```
  AT+IDEVE<CR>
  +ok=<on/off><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```

  - Set Operation

  ```
  AT+IDEVE=<on/off><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```

- **Parameters:**
  - On/off: Enable or Disable Every time to send data to send ID function
    - On, enable Every time to send data to send ID function;
    - Off, disable Every time to send data to send ID function;

Note: The ID function requires that the server carries out corresponding processing. In front of the data when module connected to the server with two bytes of ID (ID the range is 0 ~ 65535, the high byte before, and the low byte behind) plus two bytes ID radix-minus-one
complement. Module is the default ID is 1111, for example, is sent to the server when the first four bytes "0x57 0x04 0xfb 0xa8".

### 4.13.2.2.39 AT+AABR

- **Function:** Enable/Disable Self-adaption Baudrate function;
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation
    
    ```
    AT+AABR<CR>
    +ok=<on/off><CR><LF><LF>
    ```
  - Set Operation
    
    ```
    AT+AABR=<on/off><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><LF>
    ```

- **Parameters:**
  - On/off: Enable or Disable Self-adaption Baudrate function
    - On, enable Self-adaption Baudrate function;
    - Off, disable Self-adaption Baudrate function;

### 4.13.2.2.40 AT+RELD

- **Function:** Restore to factory default setting;
- **Format:**
  
  ```
  AT+RELD<CR>
  +ok=rebooting...<CR><LF><LF>
  ```

This command restores the module to factory default setting, and then re-starts the module.

### 4.13.2.2.41 AT+Z

- **Function:** Re-start module;
- **Format:**
  
  ```
  AT+Z<CR>
  ```

### 4.13.2.2.42 AT+MID

- **Function:** Query module ID information;
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation
    
    ```
    AT+MID<CR>
    +ok=<module_id><CR><LF><LF>
    ```

- **Parameters:**
  - module_id: MID information;
    - A11-ymmdnmm “ymmd” date; “nnnn” serial number;

### 4.13.2.2.43 AT+VER

- **Function:** Query module software version information;
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation
    
    ```
    AT+VER<CR>
    +ok=<ver><CR><LF><LF>
    ```

- **Parameters:**
  - ver: Module software version information;

### 4.13.2.2.44 AT+H

- **Function:** Help;
4.13.2.2.45 AT+HTTPURL

**Function:** Set / Query HTTP server IP address and Port Number.

**Format:**
- Query Operation:
  ```
  AT+HTTPURL<CR>
  +ok=<IP,Port><CR><LF><LF>
  ```
- Set Operation:
  ```
  AT+HTTPURL=<IP,Port><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```

**Parameters:**
- IP: HTTP server IP address.
- Port: HTTP server Port number.

4.13.2.2.46 AT+HTTPTP

**Function:** Set / Query HTTP request type.

**Format:**
- Query Operation:
  ```
  AT+HTTPTP<CR>
  +ok=<Type><CR><LF><LF>
  ```
- Set Operation:
  ```
  AT+HTTPTP=<Type><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```

**Parameters:**
- Type: GET(default) or POST.

4.13.2.2.47 AT+HTTPPH

**Function:** Set / Query HTTP protocol header path.

**Format:**
- Query Operation:
  ```
  AT+HTTPPH<CR>
  +ok=<Path><CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```
- Set Operation:
  ```
  AT+HTTPPH=<Path><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>
  ```

**Parameters:**
- Path: Max length is 50 bytes.

4.13.2.2.48 AT+HTTPCN

**Function:** Set / Query Connection of HTTP protocol header.

**Format:**
- Query Operation:
4.13.2.2.49  AT+HTTPUA

| Function: Set/Query User-Agent of HTTP protocol header. |
| Format: |
|◆ Query Operation: |
| AT+HTTPUA<CR> |
| +ok=<Parameter><CR>< LF><CR>< LF > |
|◆ Set Operation: |
| AT+HTTPUA=<Parameter><CR> |
| +ok<CR>< LF><CR>< LF > |
| Parameters: |
|◆ Parameter: Max length is 20 bytes. |

4.13.2.2.50  AT+WSSSIDA

| Function: Set/query the first AP’s ssid of 3 sta parameters settings . |
| Format: |
|◆ Query Operation |
| AT+WSSSIDA<CR> |
| +ok=<ap’s ssid><CR>< LF><CR>< LF > |
|◆ Set Operation |
| AT+WSSSIDA=<ap’s ssid>>CR> |
| +ok<CR>< LF><CR>< LF > |
| Parameters: |
|◆ ap’s ssid: AP’s SSID |

This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

4.13.2.2.51  AT+WSSSIDB

| Function: Set/query the second AP’s ssid of 3 sta parameters settings . |
| Format: |
|◆ Query Operation |
| AT+WSSSIDB<CR> |
| +ok=<ap’s ssid><CR>< LF><CR>< LF > |
|◆ Set Operation |
| AT+WSSSIDB=<ap’s ssid>>CR> |
| +ok<CR>< LF><CR>< LF > |
| Parameters: |
|◆ ap’s ssid: AP’s SSID |
This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

### 4.13.2.2.52 AT+WSSSIDC
- **Function:** Set/query the third AP’s ssid of 3 sta parameters settings .
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation
    ```
    AT+WSSSIDC<CR>
    +ok=<ap’s ssid><CR><LF><CR>
    ```
  - Set Operation
    ```
    AT+WSSSIDC=<ap’s ssid><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR>
    ```
- **Parameters:**
  - ap’s ssid: AP’s SSID

### 4.13.2.2.53 AT+WSKEYA
- **Function:** Set/query the first AP’s password of 3 sta parameters settings .
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation
    ```
    AT+WSKEYA<CR>
    +ok=<auth,encry,key><CR><LF><CR>
    ```
  - Set Operation
    ```
    AT+WSKEYA=<auth,encry,key><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF><CR>
    ```
- **Parameters:**
  - auth: Authentication mode
    - OPEN
    - SHARED
    - WPAPSK
    - WPA2PSK
  - encry: Encryption algorithm
    - NONE: When "auth=OPEN", effective
    - WEP: When "auth=OPEN" or "SHARED", effective
    - TKIP: When "auth=WPAPSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
    - AES: When "auth=WPAPSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
  - key: password, ASCII code, shall less than 64 bit and greater than 8bit

### 4.13.2.2.54 AT+WSKEYB
- **Function:** Set/query the second AP’s password of 3 sta parameters settings .
- **Format:**
◆ Query Operation

AT+WSKEYB<CR>
+ok=<auth, encry, key><LF><CR><LF>

◆ Set Operation

AT+WSKEYB=< auth, encry, key><CR>
+ok<LF><CR><LF>

Parameters:
◆ auth: Authentication mode
   ◇ OPEN
   ◇ SHARED
   ◇ WPA2PSK
◆ encry: Encryption algorithm
   ◇ NONE: When "auth=OPEN", effective
   ◇ WEP: When "auth=OPEN" or "SHARED", effective
   ◇ TKIP: When "auth= WPA2PSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
   ◇ AES: When "auth= WPA2PSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
◆ key: password, ASCII code, shall less than 64 bit and greater than 8 bit

This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

4.13.2.55 AT+WSKEYC

◆ Function: Set/query the third AP's password of 3 sta parameters settings .
◆ Format:
   ◆ Query Operation

AT+WSKEYC<CR>
+ok=<auth, encry, key><LF><CR><LF>

◆ Set Operation

AT+WSKEYC=< auth, encry, key><CR>
+ok<LF><CR><LF>

Parameters:
◆ auth: Authentication mode
   ◇ OPEN
   ◇ SHARED
   ◇ WPA2PSK
◆ encry: Encryption algorithm
   ◇ NONE: When "auth=OPEN", effective
   ◇ WEP: When "auth=OPEN" or "SHARED", effective
   ◇ TKIP: When "auth= WPA2PSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
   ◇ AES: When "auth= WPA2PSK", effective or "WPA2PSK", effective
◆ key: password, ASCII code, shall less than 64 bit and greater than 8 bit
This Instruction only effective for USR-WIFI232-A/B/C works as STA. After USR-WIFI232-A/B/C module boots up again, the setting will be effective. But user can set this command when module configured as AP.

### 4.13.2.2.56 AT+ WSQY

- **Function:** Set/query the critical value of network switching.
- **Format:**
  - **Query Operation**
    
    AT+ WSQY<CR>
    +ok=<ret><CR>< LF ><CR>< LF >
  - **Set Operation**
    
    AT+ WSQY=< ret><CR>
    +ok<CR>< LF ><CR>< LF >

- **Parameters:**
  - **ret:** The percentage of signal intensity, such as signal strength was 50%, setting should be AT+WSQY=50<CR>;

  Note: if set to 100, the module will not automatically switch WIFI network. If the users only one STA parameter, please be sure to set this parameter to 100.

### 4.13.2.2.57 AT+ HTPMODE

- **Function:** The switch of new/old HTTP headers setting mode(HTTPD Client).
- **Format:**
  - **Query Operation**
    
    AT+ HTPMODE<CR>
    +ok=<type><CR>< LF ><CR>< LF >
  - **Set Operation**
    
    AT+ HTPMODE=< type><CR>
    +ok<CR>< LF ><CR>< LF >

- **Parameters:**
  - **type:**
    - **new:** The new HTTP headers setting mode.
    - **old:** The old HTTP headers setting mode.

### 4.13.2.2.58 AT+ HTPSV

- **Function:** Set /Query HTTP server IP address and Port Number.
- **Format:**
  - **Query Operation:**
    
    AT+HTPSV<CR>
    +ok=<IP,Port><CR>< LF ><CR>< LF >
  - **Set Operation:**
    
    AT+HTPSV=<IP,Port><CR>
    +ok<CR>< LF ><CR>< LF >

- **Parameters:**
  - **IP:** HTTP server IP address.
  - **Port:** HTTP server Port number.

### 4.13.2.2.59 AT+ HTPTP

- **Function:** Set /Query HTTP request type.
4.13.2.60 AT+HTPURL

Function: Set/Query HTTP header path.

Format:

- Query Operation:
  AT+HTPURL<CR>
  +ok=<Path><CR><LF><LF>
- Set Operation:
  AT+HTPURL=<Path><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>

Parameters:
- Path: Max length is 50 bytes.

Note: the AT command of AT + HTPMODE, AT + HTPSV, AT + HTPTP, AT + HTPURL, AT + HTPHEAD is supported in V5.01.14 and above version.

4.13.2.62 AT+REGEN

Function: Settings/query Registered Package Type.

Format:

- Query Operation
  AT+REGEN<CR>
  +ok=<mode><CR><LF><CR><LF>
- Set Operation
  AT+REGEN=<mode><CR>
  +ok<CR><LF><CR><LF>

Parameters:
4.13.2.63 **AT+ REGTCP**

- **Function:** Settings/query Upload Manner.
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation
    
    ```plaintext
    AT+REGTCP<CR>
    +ok=<type><LF><LF>
    ```
  - Set Operation
    
    ```plaintext
    AT+REGTCP=<type><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF>
    ```
- **Parameters:**
  - **type:**
    - first: Module send registration packet when connection established.
    - every: Send registration packet every time when module send data.

4.13.2.64 **AT+ REGID**

- **Function:** Settings/query Device ID.
- **Format:**
  - Query Operation
    
    ```plaintext
    AT+REGID<CR>
    +ok=<ID><LF><LF>
    ```
  - Set Operation
    
    ```plaintext
    AT+REGID=<ID><CR>
    +ok<CR><LF>
    ```
- **Parameters:**
  - ID: ID number, the range is 0 to 65535

*Note:* the AT command of AT + REDE, AT + REGTCP, AT + REGID is supported in V5.01.14 and above version.

## 5 USR-WIFI232-A2 Usage Introduction

### 5.1 Module Debug

#### 5.1.1 Software Debug Tools

In order to facilitate the use of my company, development of the serial and network debugging two-in-one test software, USR-TCP232-Test
5.1.2 Network Connection

In order to test the serial port to the WIFI network address conversion, we will module serial connected with the computer, network and computer links to WIFI. Due to the need to have both a WIFI and serial special requirements, only a minority of the notebook computer can achieve, the user can use the desktop with a USB card, or use the notebook computer with a USB to serial line way, the author uses the desktop and WIFI card form test, desktop with serial. (Note: there USB transfer RS232 the line quality uneven, some good and some bad, in order not to waste your valuable time, look for buying a used FT232 chip scheme suggested switching line, about the price $10)

![Connection diagram](image)

Figure 43 Connection diagram

On the serial connection, module pin leads to 3.3V TTL level, not directly connected with the computer, need to bring the bottom or users are TTL to RS232 connecting line connected to the computer, in order to facilitate the user to test the use of, we provide a variety of floor for the user to choose, here in the case of USR-WIFI232-2.

Hardware connectivity, for module power supply, the red power indicator light, wait about 6 seconds (internal system boot), Ready lights, said system startup complete, can operate, entering the next step.

5.1.3 Debug

As shown above, opened in PC program, set the COM export and open the serial port connection
Open test software USR-TCP232-Test.exe, selection of hardware attached to the computer's serial number, this is COM1, choose 57600 baud rate, such as the WIFI module serial default baud rate, open the serial port.

Network settings in TCP client mode, the server IP address input 10.10.100.254, this is WIFI module default IP address, server port number 8899, this module default monitor TCP port number, click the link to establish TCP connection, then click the create connection.
Because of the USR-WIFI232-A2 module default support for transparent transmission mode, so now you can debug tools two-way data, all data will be wholly intact transmission to the other side of display. The testing process can be seen in module TXD and RXD indicator lights in the data through the flashing.

Figure 46  The test results show that the network and serial port

**Note:** because of the RTS/CTS pin processing difference, currently available on the part of the serial debugging software for the module of the system is not available, please be sure to want to use USR-TCP232-Test we provide testing, or just RXD TXD GND connected the three line to the computer, please notice.

5.2 Use Cases

5.2.1 Wireless Control Application
For this wireless control application, USR-WIFI232-A2 works as AP mode. Module’s serial port connects to user device. So, control agent (Smartphone for this example) can manage and control the user device through the wireless connection with USR-WIFI232-A2 module.

5.2.2 Remote Management Application

![Remote Management Application Diagram]

For this remote management application, USR-WIFI232-A2 works as STA mode and connects to Internet through wireless AP. Module configured as TCP Client and communicates with remote TCP server at Internet. Module’s serial port connects to user device.

So, user device’s data or sampling information can send to remote TCP server for storage or processing. Also remote TCP server can send command to control and manage the user device through the wireless network.

5.2.3 Transparent Serial Port Application

For this transparent serial port application, two USR-WIFI232-A2 modules connect as below figures to build up a transparent serial port connection.

![Transparent Serial Port Application Diagram]
For left side USR-WIFI232-A2 module, configured as AP mode and use default SSID and IP address, network protocol configured as TCP/Server mode, and protocol port ID: 8899.

For right side USR-WIFI232-A2 module, configured as STA mode and setting the same SSID ("USR-WIFI232-A/B_xxxx" for this example) with left side USR-WIFI232-A2 module, enable DHCP network and network protocol configured as TCP/Client mode, protocol port ID: 8899. Target IP address part setting the same IP address with left side USR-WIFI232-A2 module ("10.10.100.254" for this example).

When right side USR-WIFI232-A2 boot up, it will find wireless AP (SSID: USR-WIFI232-A2_xxxx for this example) and open TCP/Client network protocol to connect with left side module’s TCP/Server. All these operation will be automatic and after finished, the two user devices connected to USR-WIFI232-A2 module through serial port can communicate each other and think the connection between them is fully transparent.

Note: LAN IP address and WAN port should in different segment, as picture shown, we change to 10.10.99.254 (the address get from left module WAN port DHCP is 10.10.100.xxx)

5.2.4 Wireless Data Acquisition Card Application

For this wireless data acquisition card application, one PC works as data server and every data acquisition card connects with a USR-WIFI232-A2 module to support wireless connection function.

![Wireless Data Acquisition Card Application](image)

Figure 50 Wireless Data Acquisition Card Application
As above figure, one USR-WIFI232-A2 configured as AP mode and all others configured as STA mode. All USR-WIFI232-A2 which configured as STA and data server PC wireless connected to USR-WIFI232-A2 which configured as AP to make up a wires network.

Data server PC open TCP/Server protocol and all USR-WIFI232-A2 modules open TCP/Client protocol. All data acquisition cards’ data and sampling information can be transmitted to data server PC for operation.

Appendix A: Contact Information

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Appendix B: Disclaimer

This document provides information about USR-WIFI232-A/B/C modules, this document does not grant any license to intellectual property rights. Except the responsibility declared in the product sale clause, USR does not assume any other responsibilities. In addition, USR does not make any warranties for the sale and use of this product, including the suitability of the product for a particular purpose, merchantability or fitness for any patent, copyright or other intellectual property infringement, etc. USR may make changes to specifications and product descriptions without notice.

Appendix C: History

Ed.V4.5  Update on 14-04
Add TCP password authentication
Add Upload ID
Add Self-adaption Baudrate
Add WEB-IO

Ed.V5.0.0  Update on 14-10
Add Httpdclient Mode
Add AT+TMODE options
Add Quick Configure and Ethernet Setting Web page
Add usr-link agreement.
Ed.V5.0.1 Update on 14-11
Modify the SSID of AP Mode

Ed.V5.0.2 Update on 14-12
Modify the problem of TCPB in the specification, The AT command related is AT+TCPB/AT+TCPPTB etc.
Modify Self-adaption Baudrate function, default open.
Delete the AT+FRLDEN.

Ed.V5.0.4 Update on 14-12
Add the AT setting of three sta parameter sets
More advanced Settings page, including the port mapping and DDNS

Ed.V5.0.5 Update on 15-01-2015
Change the AT+WSLQ to WSQY

Ed.V5.0.6 Update on 16-03-2015
Modify the registration packet types, increase the upload MAC function and modify the corresponding instructions (based on V5.01.14 and above).
Modify the setting of the HTTP header, change to custom header, and compatible the old way of setting (based on V5.01.14 and above version).

Ed.V5.0.7 Update on 03-05-2015
modify the minimum temperature - 40.
Modify the TCP timeout default to 0.
When tcp or udp server, Tip 80, 8000, 49000 is not available.

Ed.V5.0.8 Update on 16-06-2015
Increase customer support center link, remove WAPI encryption.

Ed.V5.0.9 Update on 29-06-2015
V5.01.19 Modify the BUG

Ed.V5.0.9 Update on 03-08-2015
Amend the company address, Modify some describe errors

END OF DOCUMENT